

## Immunomodulatory Activity of 3 $\beta$ ,6 $\beta$ -Dihydroxyolean-12-en-27-oic Acid in Tumor-Bearing Mice

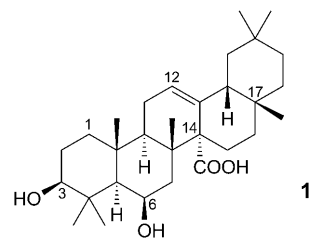
b Wen Deng ), Hong-Xiang Sun\* ), Feng-Yang Chen b ), Min-Li Yao ) )

), C A , C A , 310029, . . C ( : 86-571-869-71091; : 86-571-869-71091; - : @ . . ) b) ) C A , 310013, . . C ) C , C , 310053, . . C

3 $\beta$ ,6 $\beta$ - 12- 27- (1) *Astilbe chinensis*. *in vivo* 1 40, 60, 80 % 10 180 22 1 2,4 ( -2) ( B)- ( C ) 180 ( ) , 1 2,4 ( -2) ( BC)- 180 22 ( -2) BC 1

**Introduction.** 1 . 2 . 3 . 4 .

5. b  
 6. b  
 7 12 .  
*Astilbe chinensis* ( AXIM.) RANCH. AVAT. ( )  
 (A ) *A. chinensis*  
 (C )-12-27- (1)  
*A. chinensis*,  
 16 17 . C 1  
 -8910  
 60 18 .  
 C 205 , C 205  
 $\Delta\psi$  , *Bcl-2* -3 19 .  
*Bax* ,



**Results.** 1. *Inhibition of 1 on the Growth of Transplantable Tumors in Mice.*

1  
 2. 180  
 1 51.11, 47.94%  
 40, 60, 80 %  
 22 (P<0.001), 35.77,  
 22 (P<0.001).  
 35.57, 48.84, 41.10%  
 (Tables 1 2)

2. *Effects of 1 on Splenocyte Proliferation in S180-Bearing Mice.*

C A (C A)- 180- Fig. 1.

b 1. Inhibitory Effect of 1 on the Growth of Transplantable S180 Sarcoma in Mice )

	%	B			b	%
		A				
C		18.96 ± 1.58	31.19 ± 1.87	3.03 ± 0.54		
C	50	19.34 ± 1.73	28.63 ± 1.36	1.08 ± 0.46***	64.43	
1	40	18.90 ± 1.55	31.20 ± 2.79	1.95 ± 0.28***	35.77	
	60	19.24 ± 1.92	31.30 ± 2.78	1.48 ± 0.49***	51.11	
	80	19.15 ± 1.63	31.49 ± 2.84	1.58 ± 0.40***	47.97	

\*)  $***P < 0.001$ . C : ( ) .

b 2. Inhibitory Effect of 1 on the Growth of Transplantable H22 Hepatoma in Mice )

	%	B			b	%
		A				
C		18.34 ± 1.11	29.59 ± 3.74	3.25 ± 0.76		
C	50	18.55 ± 0.99	25.78 ± 2.77	0.84 ± 0.16***	74.23	
1	40	18.86 ± 1.20	29.34 ± 1.48	2.10 ± 0.25***	35.57	
	60	18.85 ± 0.78	29.06 ± 2.19	1.66 ± 0.46***	48.84	
	80	19.13 ± 1.21	30.04 ± 2.27	1.92 ± 0.33***	41.10	

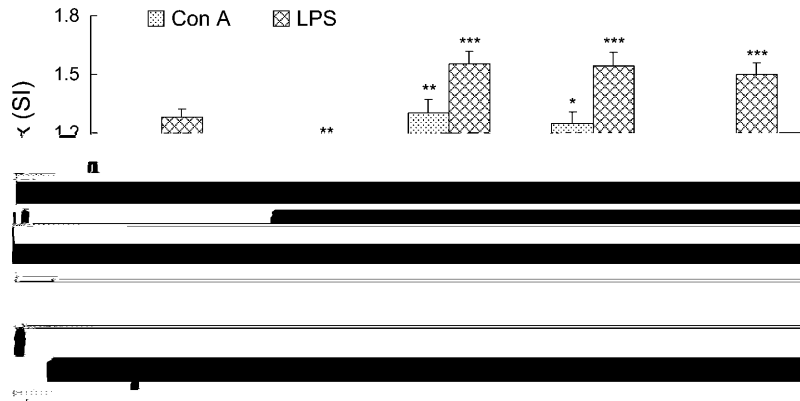
\*)  $***P < 0.001$ . C : ( ) .

Fig. 2. Inhibitory effect of 1 on the growth of transplantable S180 sarcoma in mice. The graph shows tumor volume (mm³) over time (days) for control (C) and treatment groups (1) at 40%, 60%, and 80% concentrations. Tumor growth is significantly inhibited in the treatment groups compared to the control (P < 0.05, P < 0.01). The 40% concentration shows the most significant inhibition (P < 0.001).

3. Effects of 1 on Natural Killer (NK) Cell and Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte (CTL) Activity in S180-Bearing Mice. The graph shows the percentage of NK and CTL cells in the spleen of control (C) and treatment groups (1) at 40%, 60%, and 80% concentrations. Treatment with 1 significantly increases the percentage of NK and CTL cells (P < 0.05, P < 0.01).

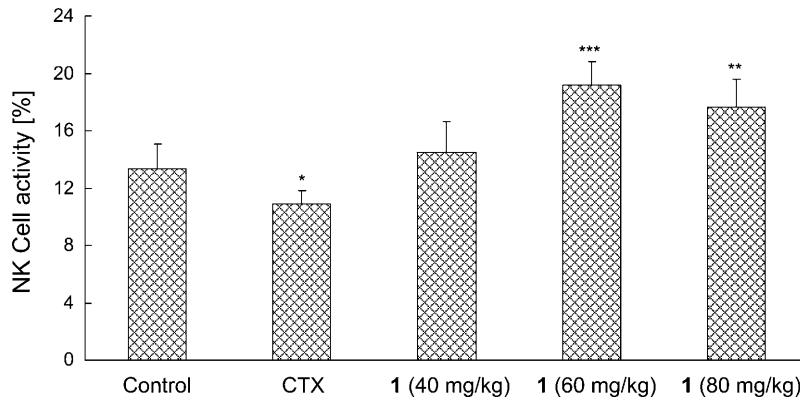
4. Effects of 1 on Secretion of IL-2 from Splenocytes in S180-Bearing Mice. The graph shows the percentage of IL-2 secretion in the spleen of control (C) and treatment groups (1) at 40%, 60%, and 80% concentrations. Treatment with 1 significantly increases the percentage of IL-2 secretion (P < 0.01, P < 0.001).

1) 3-(4,5-...)-2,5-...-2H-... b )



1. Effects of 1 on mitogen-stimulated splenocyte proliferation in S180-bearing mice.

80 % 10, 180, 50, 2, 1, 40, 60, 1640, 48, 11, C, A, RPMI-1640,  $\pm$  (n 5), \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001.

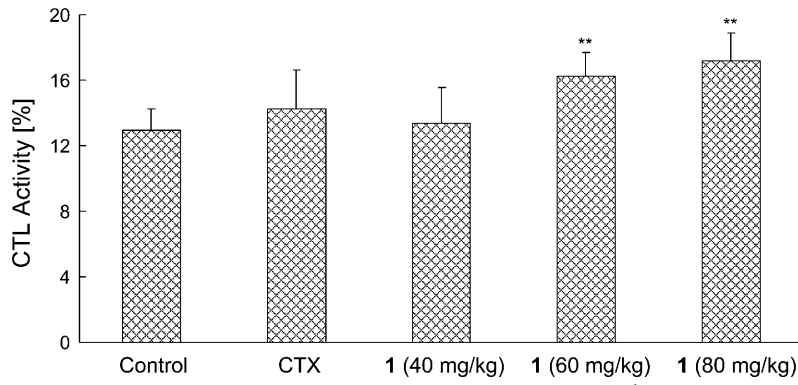


2. Effects of 1 on NK cell activity in S180-bearing mice.

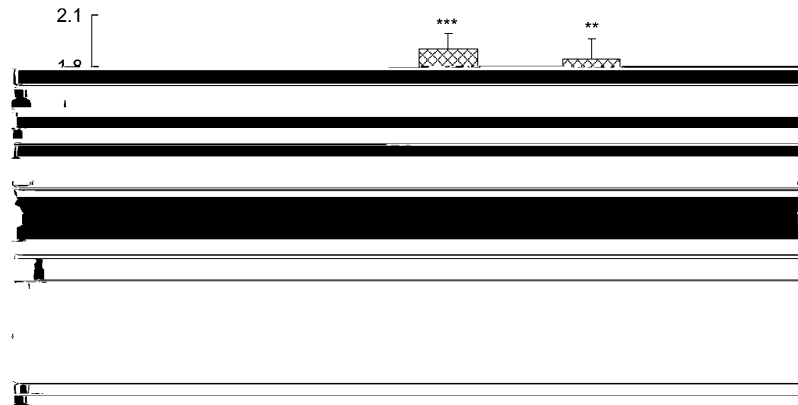
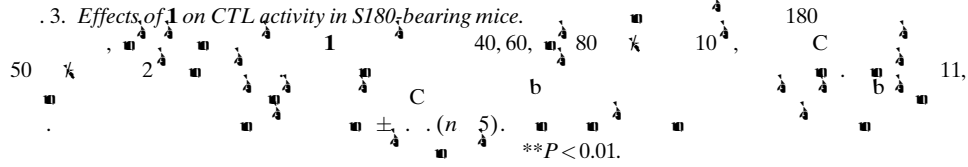
50 % 2, 1, 40, 60, 80, 10, 180, C, 11,  $\pm$  (n 5), \*P<0.05, \*\*P<0.01, \*\*\*P<0.001.

5. Effects of 1 on 2,4-Dinitrofluorobenzene (B)-Induced Delayed-Type Hypersensitivity ( ) reactions in Mice.

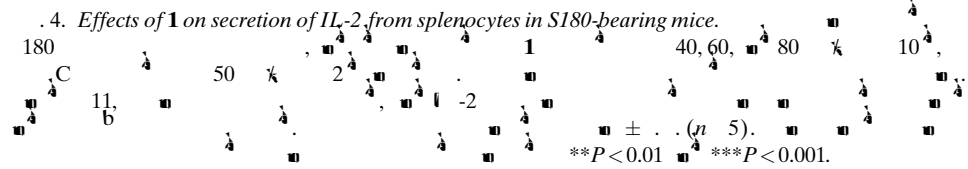
1 B- B- Fig. 5. C 1



3. Effects of 1 on CTL activity in S180-bearing mice.

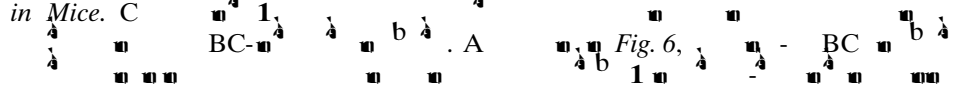


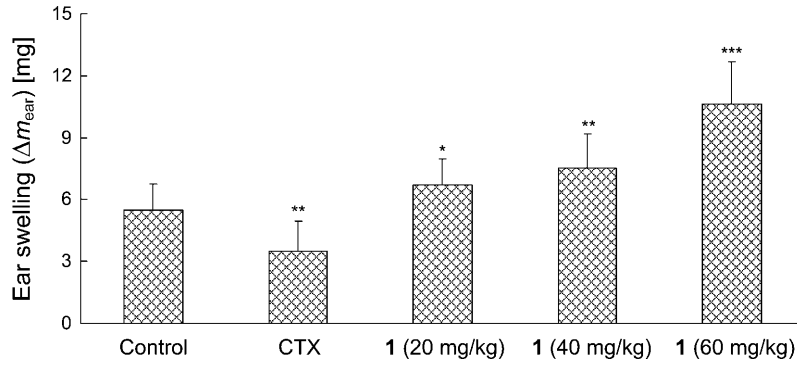
4. Effects of 1 on secretion of IL-2 from splenocytes in S180-bearing mice.



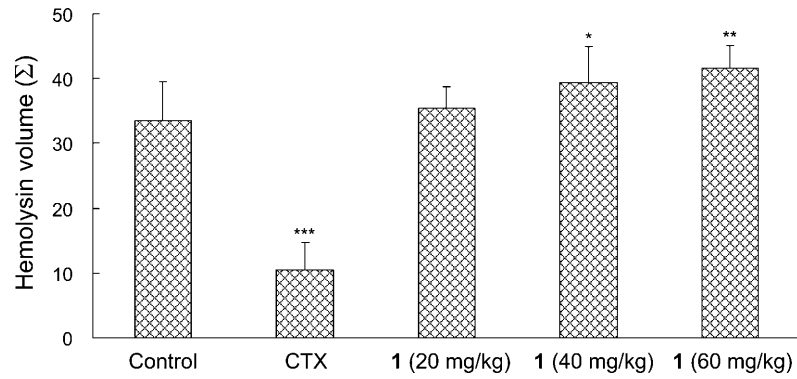
(P<0.05, P<0.01, P<0.001), C (P<0.01),

6. Effects of 1 on the Sheep Red Blood Cell (BC)-Induced Antibody Production in Mice.





5. Effect of 1 on 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (DNFB)-induced delayed-type hypersensitivity reaction in mice. 20, 40, 60 mg/kg of 1, 50 mg/kg of CTX, and 100 mg/kg of 1 were administered 24 h before DNFB challenge. Ear swelling (Δm<sub>ear</sub>) was measured 24 h after challenge. Values are mean ± SEM (n = 10). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001.



6. Effect of 1 on the sheep red blood cell (SRBC)-induced antibody production in mice. 60 mg/kg of 1, 5 × 10<sup>8</sup> BC, 0.5 mg/kg of 1, 50 mg/kg of CTX, and 2 × 10<sup>8</sup> BC were administered 5 days before SRBC challenge. Hemolysin volume (Σ) was measured 5 days after challenge. Values are mean ± SEM (n = 10). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001.

(P < 0.05, P < 0.01), (P < 0.001), C, BC, b

**Discussion.**

C, b, b, b

b , u u á u u b b 2 . u  
u b , , á á u , u á u u u  
u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u





1 40, 60, 80 % 10 ( ) C  
 50 % 0.2 /10 2 11, b  
 % (C. T)/C × 100, C  
 ; T

**Splenocyte-Proliferation Assay.**  
 32, 4 96- 5 × 10<sup>6</sup> /  
 100 μ C A ( 5 μ / ), ( 200 μ )  
 10 μ / , RPMI-1640 200 μ .  
 37° 5% C 2. A 44 , 50 μ (2 / )  
 , 4 (1400g, 5 ), (180 μ  
 20 μ 1N C) b b , 150 μ (Bio-Rad,  
 U A) 570 b 15 (SI) b b

**Assay of Natural Killer (κ)-Cell Activity.** κ -  
 33 . B , AC-1 96- U  
 ( ) 4 × 10<sup>4</sup> / RPMI-1640 2 × 10<sup>6</sup> / 50:1  
 250g 1 / 5% C 2, ( )  
 . A 4 b 37° (100 μ )  
 250g 4 . 96 b  
 490 . -  
 % (A . A . An)/(Am. An) × 100, A , b b  
 ; A , ; Am, b b 1% -40.

**Assays of Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte (C ) Activity.** C  
 180 C 50:1  
 % (A . A . An)/(Am. An) × 100, A , A  
 ; A , ; An Am,

**Cytokine Levels in the Cultured Supernatants of Splenocytes.**  
 180<sup>b</sup> (5 × 10<sup>6</sup> / )  
 C A (5 μ / ) 48 , -2 (-2) 34 .  
 (SI) RPMI-1640 37° 48  
 , 5% C 2, 5 × 10<sup>6</sup> / RPMI-1640  
 -2 96 b  
 . A 20 b , 50 μ (2 / )  
 C A b -1640  
 : SI b b -2

**2,4-Dinitrofluorobenzene ( B)-Induced Delayed-Type Hypersensitivity ( ) Response.** -  
 C 50 μ 1% B / 1:1

1. B 20, 40, 60 5 C 100 /  
 10 μ 1% B b . A 5 ,  
 B b 24 , b 35.  
*Sheep Red Blood Cell (BC)-Induced Antibody Production.*  
 1 BC- 36 . C  
 10<sup>8</sup> BC 0.5 B .  
 B 20, 40, 60 5 C 50 2 1 .  
 BC BC b A 5 BC b A . B ,  
 (100 μ)  
 5 × 10<sup>6</sup> BC 100 μ B .  
 Σ S<sub>1</sub> 2S<sub>2</sub> 3S<sub>3</sub> ..... nS<sub>n</sub> S 3 37°.  
 Statistical Analysis. ± n ( . . ), t-

Zhejiang Provincial Natural Science Foundation of China, (300456, 204095), Zhejiang Provincial Science and Technology Council (2002C3306), Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine of Zhejiang Province (2002X 02)

C

- 1 . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2003**, 3, 1051.
- 2 . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2003**, 3, 1105.
- 3 . . C , *J. Nat. Prod.* **2007**, 70, 461.
- 4 . . C , . A. , *Nat. Prod. Rep.* **2005**, 22, 487.
- 5 . . C , . A. , *Nat. Prod. Rep.* **2007**, 24, 465.
- 6 . b , . , A. , ζ , . B , . , .  
 U . , *Nat. Prod. Rep.* **2006**, 23, 394.
- 7 . . , -C. C , -C. ζ - . C , - . C , . . , *Int. J. Immunopharmacol.* **1990**, 12, 777.
- 8 . . , . . , *Chin. J. Immunol.* **2000**, 16, 485.
- 9 . . C . C , ζ , . ζ , . . , . . , *FEBS Lett.* **2001**, 509, 156.
- 10 . . , . B , B. B. A , *Cancer Res.* **2003**, 63, 4375.
- 11 . . , . . , ζ . . , . . , . . ,

- 22 . . . B. . . C. . . A. . . , *Vaccine* **2000**, *18*, 3141.
- 23 . . . C. A. . . , *Curr. Opin. Immunol.* **1997**, *9*, 4.
- 24 . . . , *Immunol. Today* **1996**, *17*, 174.
- 25 . B . . C. C . . B. . . B . . A. . . , *Annu. Rev. Immunol.* **1994**, *12*, 337.
- 26 . . . C. B . . C. C . . C. . . A. . . , *Curr. Opin. Pharmacol.* **2001**, *1*, 387.
- 27 . . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2005**, *5*, 417.
- 28 . A . . , *Cancer Immunol. Immunother.* **1997**, *45*, 63.
- 29 . . . , *Immunol. Today* **1998**, *19*, 37.
- 30 . . . , *Microsc. Res. Tech.* **2001**, *53*, 241.
- 31 . A. . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2005**, *5*, 271.
- 32 . . . , *Vaccine* **2004**, *22*, 3882.
- 33 . . . B. . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2004**, *4*, 563.
- 34 . . . , *Immunol. J.* **1994**, *10*, 48.
- 35 . . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2005**, *5*, 811.
- 36 . . . , *Int. Immunopharmacol.* **2007**, *7*, 401.

Received May, 26, 2008